

## 35. The Book of Sacrifices

٤ - (المعجم ٢٥) - كتاب الأضاحي

(التحفة ٢٣)

## Chapter 1. The Time For Sacrifice

[5064] 1 - (1960) Jundab bin Sufyân said: "I was present at ('Eid) *Al-Adha* with the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ, and no sooner had he finished his prayer, and said the *Salâm*, but he saw the meat of some sacrifices that had been slaughtered before he had finished his prayer. He said: 'Whoever offered his sacrifice before the prayer - or before we prayed - let him offer another one in its stead, and whoever did not yet offer his sacrifice, let him offer it in the Name of Allâh.'"

[5065] 2 - (...) It was narrated that Jundab bin Sufyân said: "I was present at ('Eid) *Al-Adha* with the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ, and when he had finished leading the people in prayer, he looked towards some sheep that had been slaughtered and said: 'Whoever slaughtered (his sacrifice) before the prayer, let him slaughter a sheep in its stead, and whoever has not yet slaughtered (his sacrifice),

(المعجم ١) - (باب وقتها) (التحفة ١)

[٥٠٦٤] ١ - (١٩٦٠) حَدَّثَنَا أَحْمَدُ  
ابْنُ يُونُسَ: حَدَّثَنَا زُهَيْرٌ: حَدَّثَنَا الْأَسْوَدُ  
ابْنُ قَيْسٍ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ يَحْيَى:  
حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو خَيْثَمَةَ عَنِ الْأَسْوَدِ بْنِ قَيْسٍ:  
حَدَّثَنِي جُنْدَبُ بْنُ سُفْيَانَ قَالَ: شَهِدْتُ  
الْأَضْحَى مَعَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ، فَلَمْ يَعْذُ أَنْ  
صَلَّى وَفَرَّغَ مِنْ صَلَاتِهِ، سَلَّمَ، فَإِذَا هُوَ  
يَرَى لَحْمَ أَضْحَايٍ قَدْ ذُبِحَتْ قَبْلَ أَنْ  
يَفْرُغَ مِنْ صَلَاتِهِ، فَقَالَ: «مَنْ كَانَ ذَبَحَ  
أَضْحِيَّتَهُ قَبْلَ أَنْ يُصَلِّيَ - أَوْ نُصَلِّيَ -  
فَلْيَذْبَحْ مَكَانَهَا أُخْرَى، وَمَنْ كَانَ لَمْ  
يَذْبَحْ، فَلْيَذْبَحْ بِاسْمِ اللَّهِ».

[٥٠٦٥] ٢ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا أَبُو بَكْرِ  
ابْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو الْأَحْوَصِ سَلَامُ  
ابْنُ سُلَيْمٍ عَنِ الْأَسْوَدِ بْنِ قَيْسٍ، عَنْ  
جُنْدَبِ بْنِ سُفْيَانَ قَالَ: شَهِدْتُ الْأَضْحَى  
مَعَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ، فَلَمَّا قَضَى صَلَاتَهُ  
بِالنَّاسِ، نَظَرَ إِلَى غَنَمٍ قَدْ ذُبِحَتْ،  
فَقَالَ: «مَنْ ذَبَحَ قَبْلَ الصَّلَاةِ، فَلْيَذْبَحْ

let him slaughter it in the Name of Allâh.”

[5066] (...) It was narrated from Al-Aswad bin Qais with this chain of narrators, and he said: “In the Name of Allâh,” like the *Hadîth* of Abul-Ahwas.

[5067] 3 - (...) It was narrated from Al-Aswad (that he) heard Jundab Al-Bajalî say: “I saw the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ pray on the day of (*Eid*) *Al-Adha*, then he delivered the *Khutbah* and said: ‘Whoever offered his sacrifice before praying, let him offer another in its stead, and whoever has not offered the sacrifice, let him slaughter it in the Name of Allâh.’”

[5068] (...) *Shu'bah* narrated a similar report (as no. 5067) with this chain of narrators.

[5069] 4 - (1961) It was narrated that Al-Barâ' said: “My maternal uncle Abû Burdah offered his sacrifice before the prayer, and the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: ‘That is just a sheep for meat.’ He said: ‘O Messenger of Allâh, I have a *Jadh'ah*<sup>[1]</sup> goat.’ He said:

شَاةً مَكَانَهَا. وَمَنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ ذَبَحَ، فَلْيَذْبَحْ عَلَى اسْمِ اللَّهِ.

[٥٠٦٦] (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا قُتَيْبَةُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو عَوَانَةَ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَأَبْنُ أَبِي عُمَرَ عَنِ ابْنِ عُيَيْنَةَ، كِلَاهُمَا عَنِ الْأَسْوَدِ بْنِ قَيْسٍ، بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ وَقَالَ: عَلَى اسْمِ اللَّهِ. كَحَدِيثِ أَبِي الْأَخْوَصِ.

[٥٠٦٧] ٣- (...) حَدَّثَنَا عُبَيْدُ اللَّهِ ابْنُ مُعَاذٍ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبِي: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ عَنِ الْأَسْوَدِ سَمِعَ جُنْدَبًا الْبَجَلِيَّ قَالَ: شَهِدْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ صَلَّى يَوْمَ أَضْحَى، ثُمَّ خَطَبَ، فَقَالَ: «مَنْ كَانَ ذَبَحَ قَبْلَ أَنْ يُصَلِّيَ، فَلْيُعِدْ مَكَانَهَا، وَمَنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ ذَبَحَ، فَلْيَذْبَحْ بِاسْمِ اللَّهِ.»

[٥٠٦٨] (...) حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ الْمُثَنَّى وَأَبْنُ بَشَّارٍ قَالَا: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ جَعْفَرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ، بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ، مِثْلَهُ.

[٥٠٦٩] ٤- (١٩٦١) وَحَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى ابْنُ يَحْيَى: أَخْبَرَنَا خَالِدُ بْنُ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ عَنِ الْمُطَّرِّفِ، عَنْ عَامِرٍ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ قَالَ: صَلَّى خَالِي أَبُو بُرْدَةَ قَبْلَ الصَّلَاةِ. فَقَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «تِلْكَ شَاةٌ لَحْمٍ» فَقَالَ:

[1] Its mention preceded in the Book of *Zakât*. It is a term that refers to a particular age among cattle. For goats it refers to what entered its second year, for cows what completed the third, for camels what entered its fifth year, and in the case of sheep

‘Offer it as a sacrifice, but that will not suffice for anyone but you.’ Then he said: ‘Whoever offered the sacrifice before the prayer has only slaughtered it for himself, but whoever offers the sacrifice after the prayer has completed his rituals and done it according to the *Sunnah* of the Muslims.’”

[5070] 5 - (...) It was narrated from Al-Barâ' bin 'Azib that his maternal uncle Abû Burdah bin Niyâr slaughtered (his sacrifice) before the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ did, and he said: “O Messenger of Allâh, this is a day when meat is not desirable so I hastened to offer my sacrifice in order to feed my family and neighbors and household.”<sup>[1]</sup> The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: “Repeat your sacrifice.” He said: “O Messenger of Allâh, I have a weanling female goat that is better than two sheep for meat.” He said: “It is the best of your sacrifice - but no *Jadh'ah* will suffice for anyone after you.”

[5071] (...) It was narrated that Al-Barâ' bin 'Azib said: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ addressed us on the Day of Sacrifice and said: ‘No one should offer the

يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّ عِنْدِي جَذْعَةً مِنَ  
الْمَعْرِ. فَقَالَ: «صَحَّ بِهَا، وَلَا تَصْلُحُ  
لِغَيْرِكَ». ثُمَّ قَالَ: «مَنْ ضَحَّى قَبْلَ  
الصَّلَاةِ، فَإِنَّمَا ذَبَحَ لِنَفْسِهِ، وَمَنْ ذَبَحَ بَعْدَ  
الصَّلَاةِ، فَقَدْ تَمَّ نُسُكُهُ وَأَصَابَ سُنَّةَ  
الْمُسْلِمِينَ».

[٥٠٧٠] ٥ - (...) حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ  
يَحْيَى: أَخْبَرَنَا هُشَيْمٌ عَنْ دَاوُدَ، عَنِ  
الشَّعْبِيِّ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ بْنِ عَازِبٍ؛ أَنَّ خَالَهُ  
أَبَا بُرْدَةَ بْنَ نِيَّارٍ ذَبَحَ قَبْلَ أَنْ يَذْبَحَ  
النَّبِيُّ ﷺ، فَقَالَ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّ هَذَا  
يَوْمٌ، اللَّحْمُ فِيهِ مَكْرُوهٌ، وَإِنِّي عَجَلْتُ  
نَسِيكِي لِأَطْعِمَ أَهْلِي وَجِيرَانِي وَأَهْلَ  
دَارِي. فَقَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «أَعِدْ  
نُسُكَكَ» فَقَالَ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّ عِنْدِي  
عَنَاقَ لَبْنٍ، هِيَ خَيْرٌ مِنْ شَاتِي لَحْمٍ.  
فَقَالَ: «هِيَ خَيْرٌ نَسِيكِكَ - وَلَا تَجْزِي  
جَذْعَةً عَنْ أَحَدٍ بَعْدَكَ».

[٥٠٧١] (...) حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ  
الْمُنْتَنِي: حَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ أَبِي عَدِيٍّ عَنْ دَاوُدَ،  
عَنِ الشَّعْبِيِّ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ بْنِ عَازِبٍ قَالَ:

according to the majority it is what completed a year. And it is also said that it is less than that. Then they differed, so some said six months, others said eight, others ten etc. See *Minnat Al-Mun'im*.

[1] He means that people see so much of it that day.

sacrifice until we have prayed.’ My maternal uncle said: ‘O Messenger of Allâh, this is a day when meat is not desirable,’” and he narrated a *Hadîth* like that of Hushaim (no. 5070).

[5072] 6 - (...) It was narrated that Al-Barâ’ said: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: ‘Whoever prays as we do, faces the same *Qiblah* as we do and offers the same sacrifice as we do, let him not slaughter (his sacrifice) until he has prayed.’ My maternal uncle said: ‘O Messenger of Allâh, I have offered a sacrifice on behalf of a son of mine.’ He said: ‘That is something that you have hastened to do for your family.’ He said: ‘I have a sheep that is better than two other sheep.’ He said: ‘Sacrifice it, for it is the better of the two.’”

[5073] 7 - (...) It was narrated that Al-Barâ’ bin ‘Âzib said: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: ‘The first thing with which we begin on this day (the day of *Eid*) of ours is the prayer; we pray, then we go back and offer the sacrifice. Whoever does that has attained our *Sunnah*, and whoever has already slaughtered (the sacrificial animal), that is just meat that he has given to his family, and there is nothing of the sacrifice in it.’ Abû Burdah bin Niyâr had already slaughtered (his sacrificial animal)

خَطَبَنَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ يَوْمَ النَّحْرِ فَقَالَ: «لَا يَذْبَحَنَّ أَحَدٌ حَتَّىٰ نُصَلِّيَ» قَالَ فَقَالَ خَالِي: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّ هَذَا يَوْمٌ، اللَّحْمُ فِيهِ مَكْرُوهٌ. ثُمَّ ذَكَرَ بِمَعْنَى حَدِيثِ هُشَيْمٍ.

[٥٠٧٢] ٦ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا أَبُو بَكْرِ بْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ: حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ نُمَيْرٍ، وَحَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ نُمَيْرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبِي: حَدَّثَنَا زَكَرِيَاءُ عَنْ فِرَاسٍ، عَنْ عَامِرٍ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «مَنْ صَلَّى صَلَاتَنَا، وَوَجَّهَ قِبْلَتَنَا، وَنَسَكَ نُسُكَنَا، فَلَا يَذْبَحُ حَتَّىٰ يُصَلِّيَ» فَقَالَ خَالِي: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! قَدْ نَسَكْتُ عَنْ ابْنِ لِي. فَقَالَ: «ذَاكَ شَيْءٌ عَجَلْتَهُ لِأَهْلِكَ» قَالَ: إِنَّ عِنْدِي شَاةً خَيْرٌ مِنْ شَاتَيْنِ. قَالَ: «ضَحَّ بِهَا، فَإِنَّهَا خَيْرٌ نَسَيْكَتِهِ».

[٥٠٧٣] ٧ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ ابْنُ الْمُثَنَّى وَابْنُ بَشَّارٍ - وَاللَّفْظُ لِابْنِ الْمُثَنَّى - قَالَا: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ جَعْفَرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ عَنْ زَيْدِ الْأَيْمِيِّ، عَنِ الشَّعْبِيِّ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ بْنِ عَازِبٍ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «إِنَّ أَوَّلَ مَا نَبْدَأُ بِهِ فِي يَوْمِنَا هَذَا، أَنْ نُصَلِّيَ ثُمَّ نَرْجِعَ فَنَنْحَرُ، فَمَنْ فَعَلَ ذَلِكَ، فَقَدْ أَصَابَ سُنَّتَنَا، وَمَنْ ذَبَحَ، فَإِنَّمَا هُوَ لَحْمٌ قَدَّمَهُ لِأَهْلِهِ، لَيْسَ

and he said: 'I have a *Jadh'ah* that is better than a *Musinnah*.'<sup>[1]</sup> He (ﷺ) said: 'Slaughter it, but it will not will not suffice for anyone else after you.'"

[5074] (...) A similar report (as no. 5073) was narrated from Al-Barâ' bin 'Âzib, from the Prophet ﷺ.

[5075] (...) It was narrated that Al-Barâ' bin 'Âzib said: "The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ addressed us on the Day of Sacrifice after the prayer..." then he mentioned a similar *Hadith* (as no. 5073).

[5076] 8 - (...) Al-Barâ' bin 'Âzib narrated: "The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ addressed us on the Day of Sacrifice and said: 'No one should offer the sacrifice until he has prayed.' A man said: 'I have a weanling female goat that is better than two sheep for meat.' He said: "Sacrifice it, but no *Jadh'ah* will suffice for anyone after you."

مِنَ التُّسْكِ فِي شَيْءٍ» وَكَانَ أَبُو بُرْدَةَ بْنُ نِيَارٍ قَدْ ذَبَحَ، فَقَالَ: عِنْدِي جَذَعَةٌ خَيْرٌ مِنْ مُسِنَّةٍ. فَقَالَ «اذْبَحْهَا وَلَنْ تَجْزِيَ عَنْ أَحَدٍ بَعْدَكَ».

[٥٠٧٤] (...) حَدَّثَنَا عُبيدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ مُعَاذٍ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبِي: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ عَنْ زُبَيْدٍ، سَمِعَ الشَّعْبِيَّ عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ بْنِ عَازِبٍ عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ، بِمِثْلِهِ.

[٥٠٧٥] (...) حَدَّثَنَا قُتَيْبَةُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ وَهَنَادُ بْنُ السَّرِيِّ قَالَا: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو الْأَحْوَصِ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا عُثْمَانُ بْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ وَإِسْحَاقُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، جَمِيعًا عَنْ جَرِيرٍ، كِلَاهُمَا عَنْ مَنْصُورٍ، عَنِ الشَّعْبِيِّ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ بْنِ عَازِبٍ قَالَ: خَطَبَنَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ يَوْمَ النَّحْرِ بَعْدَ الصَّلَاةِ. ثُمَّ ذَكَرَ نَحْوَ حَدِيثِهِمْ.

[٥٠٧٦] ٨ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي أَحْمَدُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ [بْنِ صَخْرٍ] الدَّارِمِيُّ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو التُّعْمَانِ عَارِمُ بْنُ الْفَضْلِ: حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْوَاحِدِ يَغْنِي ابْنُ زِيَادٍ: حَدَّثَنَا عَاصِمُ الْأَحْوَلُ عَنِ الشَّعْبِيِّ: حَدَّثَنِي الْبَرَاءُ بْنُ عَازِبٍ قَالَ: خَطَبَنَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ فِي

[1] This has also preceded in the Book of *Zakât*. It is that whose second set of teeth have come in, and in the case of sheep it is the second year. See *Minnat Al-Mun'im*.

يَوْمِ نَحْرٍ، فَقَالَ «لَا يُضَحِّينَ أَحَدٌ حَتَّى يُصَلِّيَ» قَالَ رَجُلٌ: عِنْدِي عَنَاقُ لَبَنِ هِيَ خَيْرٌ مِنْ شَاتِي لَحْمٍ. قَالَ «فَضَحَّ بِهَا، وَلَا تَجْزِي جَذَعَةً عَنْ أَحَدٍ بَعْدَكَ».

[5077] 9 - (...) It was narrated that Al-Barâ' bin 'Âzib said: "Abû Burdah slaughtered (his sacrificial animal) before the prayer, and the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: 'Offer something else in its stead.' He said: 'O Messenger of Allâh, I do not have anything but a *Jadh'ah*'" - Shu'bah said: "And I think he said - 'which is better than a *Musinnah*.'" The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: "Offer it in its stead, but it will not suffice for anyone after you."

[٥٠٧٧] ٩ - (...) حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ بَشَّارٍ: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدٌ يَعْنِي ابْنَ جَعْفَرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ عَنْ سَلَمَةَ، عَنْ أَبِي جُحَيْفَةَ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ بْنِ عَازِبٍ قَالَ: ذَبَحَ أَبُو بُرْدَةَ قَبْلَ الصَّلَاةِ، فَقَالَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ «أَبْدِلْهَا» فَقَالَ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! لَيْسَ عِنْدِي إِلَّا جَذَعَةٌ - قَالَ شُعْبَةُ: وَأَطْنَتْهُ قَالَ - وَهِيَ خَيْرٌ مِنْ مُسِنَّةٍ. فَقَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ «اجْعَلْهَا مَكَانَهَا، وَلَنْ تَجْزِيَ عَنْ أَحَدٍ بَعْدَكَ».

[5078] (...) Shu'bah narrated it with this chain of narrators (a *Hadith* similar to no. 5077), but he did not mention the doubt about whether he said: "It is better than a *Musinnah*."

[٥٠٧٨] (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ الْمُثَنَّى: حَدَّثَنِي وَهْبُ بْنُ جَرِيرٍ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ: أَخْبَرَنَا أَبُو عَامِرٍ الْعَقَدِيُّ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ، بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ وَلَمْ يَذْكُرِ الشَّكَّ فِي قَوْلِهِ: هِيَ خَيْرٌ مِنْ مُسِنَّةٍ.

[5079] 10 - (...) It was narrated that Anas said: "The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said on the Day of Sacrifice: 'Whoever slaughtered (his sacrificial animal) before the prayer, let him repeat it.' A man stood up and said: 'O Messenger of Allâh, this is a day on which people

[٥٠٧٩] ١٠ - (١٩٦٢) وَحَدَّثَنِي يَحْيَى بْنُ أَبِي بُرْدَةَ وَعَمْرُو النَّاقِدُ وَرُحَيْبُ بْنُ حَرْبٍ، جَمِيعًا عَنْ ابْنِ عُليَّةَ - وَاللَّفْظُ لِعَمْرُو - قَالَ: حَدَّثَنَا إِسْمَاعِيلُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَنْ أَبِي بَرْدَةَ، عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ، عَنْ أَنَسٍ

want meat, and he mentioned the need of his neighbor – as if the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ agreed with him – and I have a *Jadh'ah* that is dearer to me than two sheep for meat, can I slaughter it (as a sacrifice)?” He granted him a concession (allowing him to do that).” He (the narrator) said: “I do not know whether that concession applied to others or not.” He said: “Then the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ turned towards two rams and slaughtered them, and the people turned towards some sheep and distributed, or he said; divided them.”

[5080] 11 - (...) It was narrated from Anas bin Mâlik that the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ prayed then delivered the *Khutbah*, and he ordered those who had slaughtered (their sacrificial animals) before the prayer to repeat (the sacrifice)... then he mentioned a *Hadith* like that of Ibn ‘Ulayyah (no. 5079).

[5081] 12 - (...) It was narrated that Anas bin Mâlik said: The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ addressed us on the day of (*Eid*) *Al-Adha* and he noticed the smell of meat. He forbade them to slaughter (the sacrifice) and said: “Whoever has already offered the sacrifice, let him repeat it.” Then he mentioned a similar *Hadith*.

قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ، يَوْمَ النَّحْرِ: «مَنْ كَانَ ذَبَحَ قَبْلَ الصَّلَاةِ، فَلْيُعِدْ» فَقَامَ رَجُلٌ فَقَالَ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! هَذَا يَوْمٌ يُشْتَهَى فِيهِ اللَّحْمُ، وَذَكَرَ هَنَةً مِنْ جِيرَانِي، كَأَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ صَدَّقَهُ. قَالَ: وَعِنْدِي جَدَعَةٌ هِيَ أَحَبُّ إِلَيَّ مِنْ شَاتِي لَحْمٍ، أَفَأَذْبِحُهَا؟ قَالَ فَرَحَّصَ لَهُ. فَقَالَ: لَا أَذْرِي أَبْلَعْتَ رُخْصَتَهُ مِنْ سِوَاهُ أَمْ لَا؟ قَالَ: وَانْكَفَأَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ إِلَى كَبْشَيْنِ فَذَبَحَهُمَا، فَقَامَ النَّاسُ إِلَى غَنِيمَةٍ، فَتَوَزَّعُوهَا. أَوْ قَالَ فَتَجَزَّعُوهَا.

[٥٠٨٠] ١١ - (...) حَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ ابْنُ عُبَيْدِ الْعَبْرِيِّ: حَدَّثَنَا حَمَادُ ابْنُ زَيْدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا أَيُّوبُ وَهَيْشَامٌ عَنْ مُحَمَّدٍ، عَنْ أَنَسِ بْنِ مَالِكٍ؛ أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ صَلَّى ثُمَّ خَطَبَ، فَأَمَرَ مَنْ كَانَ ذَبَحَ قَبْلَ الصَّلَاةِ أَنْ يُعِيدَ ذَبْحًا ثُمَّ ذَكَرَ بِمِثْلِ حَدِيثِ ابْنِ عُلَيَّةَ.

[٥٠٨١] ١٢ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي زِيَادُ ابْنُ يَحْيَى الْحَسَانِيُّ: حَدَّثَنَا حَاتِمٌ يَعْنِي ابْنَ وَرْدَانَ: حَدَّثَنَا أَيُّوبُ عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ سِيرِينَ، عَنْ أَنَسِ [بْنِ مَالِكٍ] قَالَ: خَطَبَنَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ يَوْمَ أَضْحَى - قَالَ - فَوَجَدَ رِيحَ لَحْمٍ، فَتَهَاهُمْ أَنْ يَذْبُحُوا،

قَالَ: «مَنْ كَانَ ضَحَى، فَلْيُعِدْ» ثُمَّ ذَكَرَ  
بِمِثْلِ حَدِيثِهِمَا.

## Chapter 2. The Age Of Sacrificial Animals

(المعجم ٢) - (بَابُ سِنِّ الْأَضْحِيَّةِ)  
(التحفة ٢)

[5082] 13 - (1963) It was narrated that Jâbir said: "The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: 'Do not slaughter anything but *Musinnah*, unless it is too difficult for you, in which case slaughter a *Jadh'ah*."

[٥٠٨٢] ١٣ - (١٩٦٣) وَحَدَّثَنَا أَحْمَدُ  
ابْنُ يُونُسَ: حَدَّثَنَا زُهَيْرٌ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو الزُّبَيْرِ  
عَنْ جَابِرٍ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «لَا  
تَذْبُحُوا إِلَّا مُسِنَّةً، إِلَّا أَنْ يَعْسَرَ عَلَيْكُمْ،  
فَتَذْبُحُوا جَذْعَةً مِنَ الضَّأْنِ».

[5083] 14 - (1964) Jâbir bin 'Abdullâh said: "The Prophet ﷺ led us in prayer on the Day of *Nahr* in Al-Madīnah, and some men went and offered their *Nahr*, thinking that the Prophet ﷺ had offered his *Nahr*. The Prophet ﷺ ordered those who had offered their *Nahr* before him to repeat it with another *Nahr*, and not to offer their *Nahr* until the Prophet ﷺ had done so."

[٥٠٨٣] ١٤ - (١٩٦٤) وَحَدَّثَنِي  
مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ حَاتِمٍ: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ بَكْرٍ:  
أَخْبَرَنَا ابْنُ جُرَيْجٍ: أَخْبَرَنِي أَبُو الزُّبَيْرِ؛  
أَنَّهُ سَمِعَ جَابِرَ بْنَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ يَقُولُ: صَلَّى  
بِنَا النَّبِيِّ ﷺ يَوْمَ النَّحْرِ بِالْمَدِينَةِ، فَتَقَدَّمَ  
رِجَالٌ فَنَحَرُوا، وَظَنُّوا أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ ﷺ قَدْ  
نَحَرَ، فَأَمَرَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ مَنْ كَانَ نَحَرَ قَبْلَهُ،  
أَنْ يُعِيدَ بِنَحْرِ آخَرَ، وَلَا يَنْحَرُوا حَتَّى  
يَنْحَرَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ.

[5084] 15 - (1965) It was narrated from 'Uqbah bin 'Âmir that the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ gave him some sheep to distribute among his Companions as sacrifices, and there a young goat remained. He mentioned it to the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ and he said: "Sacrifice it yourself."

[٥٠٨٤] ١٥ - (١٩٦٥) حَدَّثَنَا قُتَيْبَةُ  
ابْنُ سَعِيدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا لَيْثٌ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ  
رُمْحٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا اللَّيْثُ عَنْ يَزِيدَ بْنِ أَبِي  
حَبِيبٍ، عَنْ أَبِي الْخَيْرِ، عَنْ عُقْبَةَ بْنِ  
عَامِرٍ؛ أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ أَعْطَاهُ غَنَمًا  
يُقْسِمُهَا عَلَى أَضْحَائِهِ ضَحَايَا، فَبَقِيَ



عُتُوْدٌ، فَذَكَرَهُ لِرَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ، فَقَالَ: «صَحَّ بِهِ أَنْتَ».

قَالَ قُتَيْبَةُ: عَلَى صَحَابَتِهِ.

[5085] 16 - (...) It was narrated that ‘Uqbah bin ‘Âmir Al-Juhanî said: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ distributed some sacrificial animals among us, and I got a *Jadh’ah*. I said: ‘O Messenger of Allâh, I have got a *Jadh’ah*.’ He said: ‘Sacrifice it.’”

[٥٠٨٥] ١٦- (...) حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو بَكْرِ بْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ: حَدَّثَنَا يَزِيدُ بْنُ هَرُونَ عَنْ هِشَامِ الدَّسْتَوَائِيِّ، عَنْ يَحْيَى بْنِ أَبِي كَثِيرٍ، عَنْ بَعْجَةَ الْجُهَنِيِّ، عَنْ عُمَةَ بْنِ عَامِرٍ [الْجُهَنِيِّ] قَالَ: قَسَمَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ فِيْنَا ضَحَايَا، فَأَصَابَنِي جَذَعٌ، فَقُلْتُ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّهُ أَصَابَنِي جَذَعٌ. فَقَالَ: «صَحَّ بِهِ».

[5086] (...) ‘Uqbah bin ‘Âmir narrated that the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ distributed some sacrificial animals among his Companions... a similar report (as no. 5085).

[٥٠٨٦] (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ الدَّارِمِيُّ: أَخْبَرَنِي يَحْيَى بْنُ حَسَّانٍ أَخْبَرَنَا مُعَاوِيَةُ وَهُوَ ابْنُ سَلَامٍ: حَدَّثَنِي يَحْيَى بْنُ أَبِي كَثِيرٍ: أَخْبَرَنِي بَعْجَةُ ابْنُ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ؛ أَنَّ عُمَةَ بِنْتِ عَامِرِ الْجُهَنِيِّ أَخْبَرَتْهُ؛ أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ قَسَمَ ضَحَايَا بَيْنَ أَصْحَابِهِ. بِمِثْلِ مَعْنَاهُ.

**Chapter 3. It Is Recommended To Select A Good Animal For The Sacrifice And To Slaughter It Oneself, Not Delegating It To Anyone Else, And To Say The Name of Allâh, And To Say The *Takbîr***

[5087] 17 - (1966) It was narrated that Anas said: “The

(المعجم ٣) - (بَابُ اسْتِحْبَابِ

اسْتِحْسَانِ الضَّحِيَّةِ، وَذَبْحِهَا مَبَاشَرَةً  
بِلا توكيل، والتسمية والتكبير)

(التحفة ٣)

[٥٠٨٧] ١٧- (١٩٦٦) وَحَدَّثَنَا قُتَيْبَةُ

ابْنُ سَعِيدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو عَوَانَةَ عَنْ قَتَادَةَ،

Prophet ﷺ sacrificed two horned black and white rams; he slaughtered them with his own hand and said the Name of Allāh, and said the *Takbîr*, and he placed his foot on their sides.”

[5088] 18 - (...) It was narrated that Anas said: “The Messenger of Allāh ﷺ sacrificed two horned black and white rams. I saw him slaughter them with his own hand, and I saw him placing his foot on their sides, and he said the Name of Allāh and he said the *Takbîr*.”

[5089] (...) Shu'bah narrated: “Qatadah informed me: ‘I heard Anas say: “The Messenger of Allāh ﷺ sacrificed...” a similar report (as no. 5088). He said: “I (the sub narrator) said: ‘Did you hear it from Anas?’ He said: ‘Yes.’”

[5090] (...) A similar report (as no. 5088) was narrated from Anas from the Prophet ﷺ, except that he said: “And he (ﷺ) said: *Bismillāh, Allāhu-Akbar* (in the Name of Allāh, Allāh is most Great).”

[5091] 19 - (1967) It was narrated from ‘Aishah that the Messenger of Allāh ﷺ ordered that a horned ram, with black legs, a black belly and black around its eyes, be brought for

عَنْ أَنَسٍ قَالَ: ضَحَّى النَّبِيُّ ﷺ بِكَبْشَيْنِ أَمْلَحَيْنِ أَقْرَنَيْنِ، ذَبَحَهُمَا بِيَدِهِ وَسَمَّى وَكَبَّرَ، وَوَضَعَ رِجْلَهُ عَلَى صِفَاحِهِمَا.

[٥٠٨٨] ١٨ - (...) حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى ابْنُ يَحْيَى: أَخْبَرَنَا وَكَيْعٌ عَنْ شُعْبَةَ، عَنْ قَتَادَةَ، عَنْ أَنَسٍ قَالَ: ضَحَّى رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ بِكَبْشَيْنِ أَمْلَحَيْنِ أَقْرَنَيْنِ. قَالَ: وَرَأَيْتُهُ يَذْبَحُهُمَا بِيَدِهِ - قَالَ -: وَرَأَيْتُهُ وَاضِعًا قَدَمَهُ عَلَى صِفَاحِهِمَا - قَالَ -: وَسَمَّى وَكَبَّرَ.

[٥٠٨٩] (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ حَبِيبٍ: حَدَّثَنَا خَالِدٌ يَعْنِي ابْنَ الْحَارِثِ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ: أَخْبَرَنِي قَتَادَةُ قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ أَنَسًا يَقُولُ: ضَحَّى رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ، بِمِثْلِهِ. قَالَ قُلْتُ: أَنْتَ سَمِعْتَهُ مِنْ أَنَسٍ؟ قَالَ: نَعَمْ.

[٥٠٩٠] (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدٌ بْنُ الْمُثَنَّى: أَخْبَرَنَا ابْنُ أَبِي عَدِيٍّ عَنْ سَعِيدٍ، عَنْ قَتَادَةَ، عَنْ أَنَسٍ عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ بِمِثْلِهِ، غَيْرَ أَنَّهُ قَالَ: وَيَقُولُ: «بِاسْمِ اللَّهِ، وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ».

[٥٠٩١] ١٩ - (١٩٦٧) وَحَدَّثَنَا هَرُونَ بْنُ مَعْرُوفٍ: حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ ابْنُ وَهْبٍ قَالَ: قَالَ حَيُّوَةُ: أَخْبَرَنِي أَبُو صَخْرٍ عَنْ يَزِيدَ بْنِ قُسَيْطٍ، عَنْ عُرْوَةَ بْنِ

him to sacrifice it. He said to 'Aishah: "Bring me the knife." Then he said: "Sharpen it on a stone." She did that, then he took it and he took the ram and made it lie down, then he slaughtered it and said: "In the Name of Allâh, O Allâh, accept it from Muḥammad and the family of Muḥammad and from the *Ummah* of Muḥammad." Then he sacrificed it.

الرُّبَيْرِ، عَنْ عَائِشَةَ؛ أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ  
أَمَرَ بِكَبْشِ أَقْرَنَ، يَطَأُ فِي سَوَادٍ، وَيَبْرُكُ  
فِي سَوَادٍ، وَيَنْظُرُ فِي سَوَادٍ. فَأَتَيْتُ بِهِ  
لِيُضَحِّيَ بِهِ. قَالَ لِعَائِشَةَ «هَلْمِي الْمِدْيَةَ». ثُمَّ  
قَالَ «اشْحِذِيهَا بِحَجَرٍ» فَفَعَلْتُ، ثُمَّ  
أَخَذَهَا، وَأَخَذَ الْكَبْشَ فَأُضَجَعَهُ، ثُمَّ  
ذَبَحَهُ، ثُمَّ قَالَ: «بِاسْمِ اللَّهِ، اللَّهُمَّ!  
تَقَبَّلْ مِنِّي مِنْ مُحَمَّدٍ وَآلِ مُحَمَّدٍ، وَمِنْ أُمَّةِ  
مُحَمَّدٍ» ثُمَّ ضَحَّى بِهِ.

#### Chapter 4. The Permissibility Of Slaughtering With Anything That Makes The Blood Flow, Except Teeth And All Other Bones

[5092] 20 - (1968) It was narrated from Râfi' bin Khadîj: "I said: 'O Messenger of Allâh, we are going to meet the enemy tomorrow, and we do not have any knives.' He ﷺ said: 'Slaughter quickly (with whatever) makes the blood flow, and mention the Name of Allâh and eat, but do not use teeth and nails. I will explain to you. As for teeth, they are bones, and as for nails, they are the knives of the Abyssinians.' We acquired some camels and sheep, and one of the camels went out of control, and a man shot it with an arrow and brought it under control. The Messenger of Allâh

(المعجم ٤) - (بَابُ جَوَازِ الذَّبْحِ بِكُلِّ  
مَا أَنْهَرَ الدَّمَ، إِلَّا السِّنَّ وَسَائِرَ  
العظام) (التحفة ٤)

[٥٠٩٢] ٢٠ - (١٩٦٨) حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدٌ  
ابْنُ الْمُثَنَّى الْعَنَزِيُّ: حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ  
سَعِيدٍ عَنْ سُفْيَانَ: حَدَّثَنِي أَبِي عَنْ عَبَّادِ  
ابْنِ رِفَاعَةَ بْنِ رَافِعِ بْنِ خَدِيجٍ، عَنْ رَافِعِ  
ابْنِ خَدِيجٍ قُلْتُ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّا لَا قُوَّةَ  
الْعَدُوِّ عَدَا، وَلَيْسَتْ مَعَنَا مِدَى.  
قَالَ ﷺ: «إِعْجَلْ أَوْ أَرِنِي مَا أَنْهَرَ الدَّمَ،  
وَذَكَرَ اسْمُ اللَّهِ فَكُلْ، لَيْسَ السِّنُّ وَالظُّفْرُ،  
وَسَأُحَدِّثُكَ، أَمَّا السِّنُّ فَعَظْمٌ، وَأَمَّا الظُّفْرُ  
فَمِدَى الْحَبَشِ» قَالَ: وَأَصَبْنَا نَهَبَ إِبِلٍ  
وَعَنَمٍ، فَنَدَّ مِنْهَا بَعِيرٌ، فَرَمَاهُ رَجُلٌ  
بِسَهْمٍ فَحَبَسَهُ. فَقَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «إِنَّ

ﷺ said: ‘These camels have the inclination to behave in a wild manner. If one of them overwhelms you, do the same thing.’”

لِهَذِهِ الْإِبِلِ أَوَابِدَ كَأَوَابِدِ الْوَحْشِ، فَإِذَا غَلَبَكُمْ مِنْهَا شَيْءٌ، فَاصْنَعُوا بِهِ هَكَذَا» .

[5093] 21 - (...) It was narrated that Râfi‘ bin Khadîj said: “We were with the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ at Dhul-Hulaifah in Tihâmah, and we acquired some sheep and camels. The people rushed (and slaughtered these animals) and started cooking them in pots, but he (ﷺ) ordered that they be overturned, then he made ten sheep equivalent to one camel...” and he mentioned the rest of the Hadîth like the Hadîth of Yahya bin Sa‘eed (no. 5092).

[٥٠٩٣] ٢١- (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ ابْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ: أَخْبَرَنَا وَكَيْعٌ: حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ ابْنُ سَعِيدِ بْنِ مَسْرُوقٍ عَنْ أَبِيهِ، عَنْ عَبَّادَةَ ابْنِ رِفَاعَةَ بْنِ رَافِعِ ابْنِ خَدِيجٍ، عَنْ رَافِعِ ابْنِ خَدِيجٍ قَالَ: كُنَّا مَعَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ بِبَيْدِ الْحُلَيْفَةِ مِنْ تِهَامَةَ، فَأَصَبْنَا غَنَمًا وَإِبِلًا، فَعَجَّلَ الْقَوْمُ، فَأَغْلَوْا بِهَا الْقُدُورَ، فَأَمَرَ بِهَا فَكْفِئَتْ، ثُمَّ عَدَلَ عَشْرًا مِنَ الْغَنَمِ بِجَزُورٍ. وَذَكَرَ بَاقِيَ الْحَدِيثِ كَنَحْوِ حَدِيثِ يَحْيَى بْنِ سَعِيدٍ.

[5094] 22 - (...) It was narrated from ‘Abâyah bin Rifâ‘ah bin Râfi‘ bin Khadîj that his grandfather said: “We said: ‘O Messenger of Allâh, we are going to meet the enemy tomorrow, and we do not have any knives, so can we use a piece of reed for slaughtering?’” He mentioned the same narration (as no. 5092) and he said: “One of those camels went wild, and we shot it with arrows until we made it fall down.”

[٥٠٩٤] ٢٢- (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ أَبِي عُمَرَ: حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ عَنْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ مُسْلِمٍ، عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ مَسْرُوقٍ، عَنْ عَبَّادَةَ ابْنِ رِفَاعَةَ بْنِ رَافِعِ ابْنِ خَدِيجٍ، عَنْ جَدِّهِ رَافِعٍ. ثُمَّ حَدَّثَنِيهِ عُمَرُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ [ابْنِ مَسْرُوقٍ] عَنْ أَبِيهِ، عَنْ عَبَّادَةَ بْنِ رِفَاعَةَ ابْنِ رَافِعِ بْنِ خَدِيجٍ، عَنْ جَدِّهِ قَالَ: قُلْنَا: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّا لَأَقْوَى الْعُدُوِّ غَدًا، وَلَيْسَ مَعَنَا مُدَى، فَتَدَكِّي بِاللَّيْطِ؟ وَذَكَرَ الْحَدِيثَ بِقِصَّتِهِ، وَقَالَ: فَتَدَّ عَلَيْنَا بَعِيرٌ مِنْهَا، فَرَمَيْنَاهُ بِالتَّبْلِ حَتَّى وَهَضْنَاهُ.

[5095] (...) It was narrated from Sa'eed bin Masrûq with this chain of narrators, the same *Hadîth* (as no. 5092) until the end. And he said in it: "We do not have any knives with us, so can we slaughter with reeds?"

[٥٠٩٥] (...) وَحَدَّثَنِيهِ الْقَاسِمُ بْنُ زَكْرِيَاءَ: حَدَّثَنَا حُسَيْنُ بْنُ عَلِيٍّ عَنْ زَائِدَةَ، عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ مَسْرُوقٍ، بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ، الْحَدِيثَ إِلَى آخِرِهِ بِتَمَامِهِ وَقَالَ فِيهِ: وَلَيْسَتْ مَعَنَا مُدَى، أَفَنْذِيحُ بِالْقَصَبِ.

[5096] 23 - (...) It was narrated from Râfi' bin Khadij that he said: "O Messenger of Allâh, we are going to meet the enemy tomorrow, and we do not have any knives," and he quoted the same *Hadîth* (as no. 5093), but he did not mention (the words): "The people rushed (and slaughtered these animals) and started cooking them in pots, but he ordered that they be overturned," but he mentioned the rest of the story.

[٥٠٩٦] ٢٣- (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ ابْنُ الْوَلِيدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الْحَمِيدِ: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ ابْنُ جَعْفَرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ مَسْرُوقٍ، عَنْ عَبَايَةَ بْنِ رِفَاعَةَ [بْنِ رَافِعٍ]، عَنْ رَافِعِ بْنِ خَدِيحٍ؛ أَنَّهُ قَالَ: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّا لَأَقُو الْعُدُوَّ غَدًا، وَلَيْسَ مَعَنَا مُدَى. وَسَاقَ الْحَدِيثَ، وَلَمْ يَذْكُرْ: فَعَجَلَ الْقَوْمُ فَأَعْلَوْا بِهَا الْقُدُورَ فَأَمَرَ بِهَا فَكُفِّتَتْ. وَذَكَرَ سَائِرَ الْقِصَّةِ.

### Chapter 5. The Prohibition Of Eating Sacrificial Meat For More Than Three Days, Which Applied At The Beginning Of Islam But Was Then Abrogated, And Now It Is Permissible To Eat It As Long As One Wants

[5097] 24 - (1969) It was narrated that Abû 'Ubaid said: "I attended 'Eid with 'Alî bin Abî Tâlib, and he started with the prayer before the *Khutbah*. He said: "The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ

(المعجم ٥) - (باب بيان ما كان من النهي عن أكل لحوم الأضاحي بعد ثلاث في أول الإسلام. وبيان نسخه وإباحته إلى متى شاء) (التحفة ٥)

[٥٠٩٧] ٢٤- (١٩٦٩) حَدَّثَنِي عَبْدُ الْجَبَّارِ بْنُ الْعَلَاءِ: حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ: حَدَّثَنَا الزُّهْرِيُّ عَنْ أَبِي عُبَيْدٍ قَالَ: شَهِدْتُ الْعِيدَ مَعَ عَلِيِّ بْنِ أَبِي طَالِبٍ، فَبَدَأَ بِالصَّلَاةِ

forbade us to eat the meat of our sacrifices after three days.”

[5098] 25 - (...) Abû 'Ubaid, the freed slave of Ibn Azhar, narrated that he attended 'Eid with 'Umar bin Al-Khattâb. He said: "Then I prayed with 'Alî bin Abî Tâlib, and he led us in prayer before the *Khutbah*, then he addressed the people. He said: 'The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ forbade you to eat the meat of your sacrifices for more than three days, so do not eat it.'"

[5099]... - (...) A similar report (as no. 5098) was narrated from Az-Zuhrî, with this chain of narrators.

[5100] 26 - (1970) It was narrated from Ibn 'Umar that the Prophet ﷺ said: "No one should eat from the meat of the sacrifice for more than three days."

قَبْلَ الْخُطْبَةِ، وَقَالَ: إِنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ نَهَى أَنْ تَأْكُلَ مِنْ لُحُومِ نُسُكِنَا بَعْدَ ثَلَاثِ .

[٥٠٩٨] ٢٥- (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي حَرْمَلَةُ ابْنُ يَحْيَى: أَخْبَرَنَا ابْنُ وَهَبٍ: حَدَّثَنِي يُونُسُ عَنِ ابْنِ شَهَابٍ: حَدَّثَنِي أَبُو عُبَيْدٍ مَوْلَى ابْنِ أَرْهَرَ؛ أَنَّهُ شَهِدَ الْعِيدَ مَعَ عُمَرَ بْنِ الْخَطَّابِ - قَالَ - : ثُمَّ صَلَّيْتُ مَعَ عَلِيِّ بْنِ أَبِي طَالِبٍ - قَالَ - : فَصَلَّيْنَا لَنَا قَبْلَ الْخُطْبَةِ، ثُمَّ خَطَبَ النَّاسَ فَقَالَ: إِنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ قَدْ نَهَاكُمْ أَنْ تَأْكُلُوا لُحُومَ نُسُكِكُمْ فَوْقَ ثَلَاثِ لَيَالٍ، فَلَا تَأْكُلُوا .

[٥٠٩٩] (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي زُهَيْرُ بْنُ حَرْبٍ: حَدَّثَنَا يَعْقُوبُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ: حَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ أَخِي ابْنِ شَهَابٍ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا حَسَنُ الْحُلَوَانِيُّ: حَدَّثَنَا يَعْقُوبُ [ابْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ]: حَدَّثَنَا أَبِي عَنْ صَالِحٍ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ بْنُ حُمَيْدٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا عَبْدُ الرَّزَّاقِ: أَخْبَرَنَا مَعْمَرٌ، كُلُّهُمْ عَنِ الرَّهْرِيِّ، بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ، مِثْلَهُ .

[٥١٠٠] ٢٦- (١٩٧٠) وَحَدَّثَنَا قُتَيْبَةُ ابْنُ سَعِيدٍ: حَدَّثَنَا لَيْثٌ؛ وَحَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ ابْنُ رُمْحٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا اللَّيْثُ عَنْ نَافِعٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ عُمَرَ عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ أَنَّهُ قَالَ: «لَا يَأْكُلُ أَحَدٌ مِنْ لَحْمٍ أَضْحِيَّتِهِ فَوْقَ ثَلَاثَةِ أَيَّامٍ» .

[5101] (...) A *Hadîth* like that of Al-Laith (no. 5100) was narrated from Ibn ‘Umar, from the Prophet ﷺ.

[5102] 27 - (...) It was narrated from Ibn ‘Umar that the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ forbade eating the sacrificial meat after three days.

Sâlim (a narrator) said: “Ibn ‘Umar would not to eat the sacrificial meat for more than three days.” Ibn Abî ‘Umar said: “after three days.”

[5103] 28 - (1971) It was narrated from ‘Abdullâh bin Abî Bakr that ‘Abdullâh bin Wâqid said: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ forbade eating the sacrificial meat after three days.” ‘Abdullâh bin Abî Bakr said: “I mentioned that to ‘Amrah and she said: ‘He spoke the truth. I heard ‘Aishah say: “The poor among the people of the desert came to the towns during ‘Eid Al-Adha (seeking help) during the time of the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ, and the

[٥١٠١] (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ حَاتِمٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ سَعِيدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ جُرَيْجٍ، وَحَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ رَافِعٍ: حَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ أَبِي فُدَيْكٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا الضَّحَّاكُ يَعْنِي ابْنَ عُثْمَانَ، كِلَاهُمَا عَنْ نَافِعٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ عُمَرَ عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ بِمِثْلِ حَدِيثِ اللَّيْثِ.

[٥١٠٢] ٢٧- (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ أَبِي عُمَرَ وَعَبْدُ بْنُ حُمَيْدٍ - قَالَ ابْنُ أَبِي عُمَرَ: حَدَّثَنَا، وَقَالَ عَبْدُ: أَخْبَرَنَا - عَبْدُ الرَّزَّاقِ: أَخْبَرَنَا مَعْمَرٌ عَنِ الزُّهْرِيِّ، عَنْ سَالِمٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ عُمَرَ؛ أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ نَهَى أَنْ تُؤْكَلَ لُحُومُ الْأَضَاحِي بَعْدَ ثَلَاثِ.

قَالَ سَالِمٌ: فَكَانَ ابْنُ عُمَرَ لَا يَأْكُلُ لُحُومَ الْأَضَاحِي فَوْقَ ثَلَاثِ. وَقَالَ ابْنُ أَبِي عُمَرَ: بَعْدَ ثَلَاثِ.

[٥١٠٣] ٢٨- (١٩٧١) حَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ ابْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الْحَنْظَلِيُّ: أَخْبَرَنَا رَوْحٌ: حَدَّثَنَا مَالِكٌ عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ أَبِي بَكْرٍ، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ وَاقِدٍ قَالَ: نَهَى رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ عَنْ أَكْلِ لُحُومِ الضَّحَايَا بَعْدَ ثَلَاثِ. قَالَ عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ أَبِي بَكْرٍ: فَذَكَرْتُ ذَلِكَ لِعَمْرَةَ فَقَالَتْ: صَدَقَ، سَمِعْتُ عَائِشَةَ تَقُولُ: دَفَّ أَهْلُ أَيْبَاتٍ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْبَادِيَةِ حُضْرَةَ الْأَضْحَى، زَمَنَ

Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: 'Keep enough for three days, then give what is left in charity.' After that they said: 'O Messenger of Allâh, the people are making skins with (the hides of) their sacrifices, and they are putting the fat into them.' The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: 'Why is that?' They said: 'You forbade eating the meat of the sacrificial animals after three days.' He said: 'I only forbade you because of the poor people who came (seeking help). (Now) eat and store and give in charity.'"

[5104] 29 - (1972) It was narrated from Jâbir that (in the beginning) the Prophet ﷺ forbade eating the sacrificial meat after three days, then after that he said: "Eat, store (for the journey) and save."

[5105] 30 - (...) Jâbir bin 'Abdullâh said: "We not eat the sacrificial meat for more than three days in Minâ, then the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ granted us a concession and said: 'Eat and store (for the journey).'"

I said to 'Âṭâ': "Did Jâbir say: 'Until we came to Al-Madînah?' He said: 'Yes.'"

رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ، فَقَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «ادْخِرُوا ثَلَاثًا، ثُمَّ تَصَدَّقُوا بِمَا بَقِيَ» فَلَمَّا كَانَ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ قَالُوا: يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! إِنَّ النَّاسَ يَتَّخِذُونَ الْأَسْقِيَةَ مِنْ ضَحَايَاهُمْ وَيُجْمِلُونَ فِيهَا الْوَدَكَ، فَقَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «وَمَا ذَاكَ؟» قَالُوا: نَهَيْتَ أَنْ تُؤْكَلَ لُحُومُ الضَّحَايَا بَعْدَ ثَلَاثٍ. فَقَالَ: «[إِنَّمَا] نَهَيْتُكُمْ مِنْ أَجْلِ الدَّافَةِ الَّتِي دَفَعْتُ، فَكُلُوا وَادْخِرُوا وَتَصَدَّقُوا».

[٥١٠٤] ٢٩ - (١٩٧٢) حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى

ابْنُ يَحْيَى قَالَ: قَرَأْتُ عَلَى مَالِكٍ عَنْ أَبِي الزُّبَيْرِ، عَنْ جَابِرٍ عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ أَنَّهُ نَهَى عَنْ أَكْلِ لُحُومِ الضَّحَايَا بَعْدَ ثَلَاثٍ، ثُمَّ قَالَ بَعْدُ: «كُلُوا وَتَزَوَّدُوا وَادْخِرُوا».

[٥١٠٥] ٣٠ - (...) حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو بَكْرِ

ابْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ: حَدَّثَنَا عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُسْهِرٍ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ أَبِي ثَابِتٍ: حَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ عُلَيْهِ، كِلَاهُمَا عَنِ ابْنِ جُرَيْجٍ، عَنْ عَطَاءٍ، عَنْ جَابِرٍ؛ وَحَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ حَاتِمٍ - وَاللَّفْظُ لَهُ - : حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ سَعِيدٍ عَنِ ابْنِ جُرَيْجٍ : حَدَّثَنَا عَطَاءٌ قَالَ : سَمِعْتُ جَابِرَ بْنَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ يَقُولُ : كُنَّا لَا نَأْكُلُ مِنْ لُحُومِ بُدْنِنَا فَوْقَ ثَلَاثِ مِائَةٍ، فَأَرْخَصَ لَنَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ، فَقَالَ «كُلُوا وَتَزَوَّدُوا».



قُلْتُ لِعَطَاءٍ: قَالَ جَابِرٌ: حَتَّى جِئْنَا  
الْمَدِينَةَ؟ قَالَ: نَعَمْ.

[5106] 31 - (...) It was narrated that Jâbir bin ‘Abdullâh said: “We would not keep the sacrificial meat for more than three days, then the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ ordered us to store some of it (for the journey) and to eat from it - i.e., for more than three days.”

[٥١٠٦] ٣١- (...) حَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ  
ابْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ: أَخْبَرَنَا زَكَرِيَّا بْنُ عَدِيٍّ عَنْ  
عُبَيْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ عَمْرٍو، عَنْ زَيْدِ بْنِ أَبِي  
أُنَيْسَةَ، عَنْ عَطَاءِ بْنِ أَبِي رَبَاحٍ، عَنْ  
جَابِرِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ قَالَ: كُنَّا لَا نُمْسِكُ  
لُحُومَ الْأَضَاحِي فَوْقَ ثَلَاثِ، فَأَمَرَنَا  
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ أَنْ نَنْزَوِدَ مِنْهَا، وَنَأْكُلَ  
مِنْهَا - يَعْنِي فَوْقَ ثَلَاثِ.

[5107] 32 - (...) It was narrated that Jâbir said: “We used to take it as provisions (on the journey) to Al-Madînah at the time of the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ.”

[٥١٠٧] ٣٢- (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا أَبُو بَكْرِ بْنُ  
أَبِي شَيْبَةَ: حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ بْنُ عُيَيْنَةَ عَنْ عَمْرٍو،  
عَنْ عَطَاءٍ، عَنْ جَابِرٍ قَالَ: كُنَّا نَنْزَوِدُهَا إِلَى  
الْمَدِينَةِ، عَلَى عَهْدِ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ.

[5108] 33 - (1973) It was narrated that Abû Sa‘eed Al-Khudrî said: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: ‘O people of Al-Madînah, do not eat the sacrificial meat for more than three.’” Ibn Al-Muthanna said: “Three days.”

They complained to the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ that they had children and servants, and he said: “Eat, give to others and save and store it.”

[٥١٠٨] ٣٣- (١٩٧٣) وَحَدَّثَنَا أَبُو  
بَكْرِ بْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ: حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْأَعْلَى عَنْ  
الْجُرَيْرِيِّ، عَنْ أَبِي نَضْرَةَ، عَنْ أَبِي سَعِيدِ  
الْخُدْرِيِّ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ الْمُثَنَّى: حَدَّثَنَا  
عَبْدُ الْأَعْلَى: حَدَّثَنَا سَعِيدٌ عَنْ قَتَادَةَ، عَنْ  
أَبِي نَضْرَةَ، عَنْ أَبِي سَعِيدِ الْخُدْرِيِّ قَالَ:  
قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «يَا أَهْلَ الْمَدِينَةِ! لَا  
تَأْكُلُوا لَحْمَ الْأَضَاحِي فَوْقَ ثَلَاثِ» - وَقَالَ  
ابْنُ الْمُثَنَّى: ثَلَاثَةَ أَيَّامٍ.

فَسَكُّوا إِلَى رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ أَنَّ لَهُمْ

عِيَالًا وَحَشَمًا وَحَدَمًا، فَقَالَ: «كُلُوا  
وَأَطْعُمُوا وَاحْسِبُوا أَوْ ادَّخِرُوا». قَالَ ابْنُ  
الْمُنْتَنَى: شَكََّ عَبْدُ الْأَعْلَى.

[5109] 34 - (1974) It was narrated from Salamah bin Al-Akwa' that the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: "Whoever among you offers a sacrifice, nothing of it should be left in his house after the third day." The following year, they said: "O Messenger of Allâh, shall we do what we did last year?" He said: "No, that was a year when people were hard-pressed, and I wanted (the meat) to be distributed among them."

[٥١٠٩] ٣٤- (١٩٧٤) حَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَقُ  
ابْنُ مَنْصُورٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا أَبُو عَاصِمٍ عَنْ يَزِيدَ  
ابْنِ أَبِي عُبَيْدٍ، عَنْ سَلَمَةَ بْنِ الْأَكْوَعِ؛ أَنَّ  
رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ قَالَ: «مَنْ ضَحَّى مِنْكُمْ  
فَلَا يُضِحَّ فِي بَيْتِهِ، بَعْدَ ثَالِثَتِهِ، شَيْئًا».  
فَلَمَّا كَانَ فِي الْعَامِ الْمُقْبِلِ قَالُوا: يَا  
رَسُولَ اللَّهِ! نَفْعَلْ كَمَا فَعَلْنَا عَامَ أَوَّلٍ؟  
فَقَالَ: «لَا، إِنَّ ذَاكَ عَامٌ كَانَ النَّاسُ فِيهِ  
بِجَهْدٍ، فَأَرَدْتُ أَنْ يَفْشَوْ فِيهِمْ».

[5110] 35 - (1975) It was narrated that Thawbân said: "The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ slaughtered his sacrifice then he said: 'O Thawbân, prepare this meat for us.'" And he kept giving it to him to eat until he came to Al-Madînah.

[٥١١٠] ٣٥- (١٩٧٥) حَدَّثَنِي زُهَيْرُ  
ابْنِ حَرْبٍ: حَدَّثَنَا مَعْنُ بْنُ عَيْسَى: حَدَّثَنَا  
مُعَاوِيَةُ بْنُ صَالِحٍ عَنْ أَبِي الزَّاهِرِيَّةِ، عَنْ  
جُبَيْرِ بْنِ نُفَيْرٍ، عَنْ ثَوْبَانَ قَالَ: ذَبَحَ  
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ ضَحِيَّتَهُ ثُمَّ قَالَ: «يَا  
ثَوْبَانُ! أَصْلِحْ لَحْمَ هَذِهِ» فَلَمْ أَزَلْ أَطْعِمُهُ  
مِنْهَا حَتَّى قَدِمَ الْمَدِينَةَ.

[5111] (...) It was narrated from Mu'âwiyah bin Şâlih, with this chain of narrators (a *Hadîth* similar to no. 5110).

[٥١١١] (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا أَبُو بَكْرِ بْنُ أَبِي  
شَيْبَةَ وَابْنُ رَافِعٍ قَالَا: حَدَّثَنَا زَيْدُ بْنُ  
حَبَابٍ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَقُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الْحَنْطَلِيُّ:  
أَخْبَرَنَا عَبْدُ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنُ مَهْدِيٍّ، كِلَاهُمَا عَنْ  
مُعَاوِيَةَ بْنِ صَالِحٍ، بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ.

[5112] 36 - (...) It was narrated that Thawbân, the freed slave of the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said to me during the Farewell Pilgrimage: ‘Prepare this meat.’” “So I prepared it and he continued to eat from it until he reached Al-Madīnah.”

[5113] (...) Yahya bin Hamzah narrated with this chain (a *Hadīth* similar to no. 5112), but he did not say: “During the Farewell Pilgrimage.”

[5114] 37 - (977) It was narrated from ‘Abdullâh bin Buraidah that his father said: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: ‘I forbade you to visit the graves, but now visit them. And I forbade you to (eat) the sacrificial meat for more than three days, but now keep it as long as you see fit. And I forbade you to drink *Nabîdh* unless it was in skins, but now drink it from any kind of vessel, but do not drink any intoxicant.’”

[٥١١٢] ٣٦- (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي إِسْحَاقُ ابْنُ مَنْصُورٍ: أَخْبَرَنَا أَبُو مُسْهِرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ حَمْرَةَ: حَدَّثَنِي الرَّبِيعِيُّ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ جُبَيْرِ بْنِ نَفِيرٍ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، عَنْ ثَوْبَانَ مَوْلَى رَسُولِ اللَّهِ ﷺ قَالَ: قَالَ لِي رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ، فِي حَجَّةِ الْوَدَاعِ «أَصْلِحْ هَذَا اللَّحْمَ» قَالَ فَأَصْلَحْتُهُ، قَالَ - فَلَمْ يَزَلْ يَأْكُلُ مِنْهُ حَتَّى بَلَغَ الْمَدِينَةَ.

[٥١١٣] (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ الدَّارِمِيُّ: أَخْبَرَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ الْمُبَارَكِ: حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ حَمْرَةَ، بِهَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ، وَلَمْ يَقُلْ: فِي حَجَّةِ الْوَدَاعِ.

[٥١١٤] ٣٧- (٩٧٧) حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو بَكْرِ بْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ وَمُحَمَّدُ بْنُ الْمُثَنَّى قَالَا: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ فَضِيلٍ - قَالَ أَبُو بَكْرٍ: عَنْ أَبِي سِنَانٍ، وَقَالَ ابْنُ الْمُثَنَّى: عَنْ ضِرَارِ بْنِ مُرَّةٍ - عَنْ مُحَارِبِ، عَنِ ابْنِ بَرِيدَةَ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ؛ وَحَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ نُمَيْرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ فَضِيلٍ: حَدَّثَنَا ضِرَارُ بْنُ مُرَّةٍ أَبُو سِنَانٍ عَنْ مُحَارِبِ بْنِ دِثَارٍ، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ بَرِيدَةَ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ «نَهَيْتُكُمْ عَنْ زِيَارَةِ الْقُبُورِ، فَزُورُوهَا. وَنَهَيْتُكُمْ عَنْ لُحُومِ الْأَصْحَاحِيِّ فَوْقَ ثَلَاثِ، فَأَمْسِكُوا مَا بَدَا لَكُمْ. وَنَهَيْتُكُمْ عَنِ النَّبِيدِ إِلَّا فِي سِقَاءٍ، فَاشْرَبُوا فِي الْأَسْقِيَةِ كُلِّهَا، وَلَا تَشْرَبُوا مُسْكِرًا». [راجع: ٢٢٦٠]

[5115]... - (...) It was narrated from Ibn Buraidah, narrating his father, that the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: "I used to forbid you..." and he mentioned a *Hadith* like that of Abû Sinân (no. 5114).

[٥١١٥] (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي حَجَّاجُ بْنُ الشَّاعِرِ: حَدَّثَنَا الضَّحَّاكُ بْنُ مَخْلَدٍ عَنْ سُفْيَانَ، عَنْ عَلْقَمَةَ بْنِ مَرْثَدٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ بُرَيْدَةَ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ؛ أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ ﷺ قَالَ: «كُنْتُ نَهَيْتُكُمْ» فَذَكَرَ بِمَعْنَى حَدِيثِ أَبِي سِنَانَ.

### Chapter 6. *Fara'* And *'Atîrah*<sup>[1]</sup>

(المعجم ٦) - (بَابُ الْفِرْعِ وَالْعَتِيرَةِ)

(التحفة ٦)

[5116] 38 - (1976) It was narrated that Abû Hurairah said: The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: "There is no *Fara'* and no *'Atîrah*." Ibn Râfi' added in his report: "*Fara'* refers to the firstborn which they used to sacrifice."

[٥١١٦] ٣٨- (١٩٧٦) وَحَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ يَحْيَى التَّمِيمِيُّ وَأَبُو بَكْرِ بْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ وَعَمْرُو النَّاقِدُ وَزُهَيْرُ بْنُ حَرْبٍ - قَالَ يَحْيَى: أَخْبَرَنَا، وَقَالَ الْأَخْرُونَ: حَدَّثَنَا - سُفْيَانُ بْنُ عُيَيْنَةَ عَنِ الزُّهْرِيِّ، عَنْ سَعِيدٍ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ عَنِ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ. وَحَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ رَافِعٍ وَعَبْدُ ابْنُ حُمَيْدٍ - قَالَ عَبْدُ: أَخْبَرَنَا، وَقَالَ ابْنُ رَافِعٍ: حَدَّثَنَا - عَبْدُ الرَّزَّاقِ: أَخْبَرَنَا مَعْمَرٌ عَنِ الزُّهْرِيِّ، عَنِ ابْنِ الْمُسَيَّبِ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ «لَا فِرْعَ وَلَا عَتِيرَةَ».

زَادَ ابْنُ رَافِعٍ فِي رِوَايَتِهِ: وَالْفِرْعُ أَوَّلُ التَّلَاجِ كَانَ يُنْتَجُ لَهُمْ فَيَذْبَحُونَهُ.

[1] Two types of sacrifices performed before Islâm.

**Chapter 7. When The First Ten Days Of Dhul-Hijjah Begin, It Is Forbidden For The One Who Wants To Offer A Sacrifice To Remove Anything From His Hair, Nails**

[5117] 39 - (1977) It was narrated from Umm Salamah that the Prophet ﷺ said: “When the ten (days of Dhul-Hijjah) begin, and one of you wants to offer a sacrifice, let nothing touch his hair or skin.”

It was said to Sufyân (a sub narrator): “Some of them do not attribute it to the Prophet ﷺ.” He said: “But I attribute it to him.”

[5118] 40 - (...) It was narrated from Umm Salamah, attributing it to the Prophet ﷺ: “When the first ten days begin, if he has a sacrificial animal that he wants to offer as a sacrifice, let him not remove anything from his hair or trim his nails.”

[5119] 41 - (...) It was narrated from Sa‘eed bin Al-Musaiyyab, from Umm Salamah, that the Prophet ﷺ said: “When you see the crescent moon of Dhul-Hijjah, and one of you wants to

(المعجم ٧) - (بَابُ نَهْيِ مَنْ دَخَلَ عَلَيْهِ عَشْرَ ذِي الْحِجَّةِ، وَهُوَ يُرِيدُ التَّضْحِيَةَ، أَنْ يَأْخُذَ مِنْ شَعْرِهِ وَ أَظْفَارِهِ شَيْئًا) (التحفة ٧)

[٥١١٧] ٣٩ - (١٩٧٧) وَحَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ أَبِي عُمَرَ الْمَكِّيُّ: حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ عَنْ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ حُمَيْدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ عَوْفٍ: سَمِعَ سَعِيدَ بْنَ الْمُسَيَّبِ يُحَدِّثُ عَنْ أُمِّ سَلَمَةَ؛ أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ ﷺ قَالَ «إِذَا دَخَلَتِ الْعَشْرُ، وَأَرَادَ أَحَدُكُمْ أَنْ يُضْحِيَ، فَلَا يَمَسَّ مِنْ شَعْرِهِ وَبَسْرِهِ شَيْئًا».

قِيلَ لِسُفْيَانَ: فَإِنَّ بَعْضَهُمْ لَا يَرْفَعُهُ.

قَالَ: لِكَيْتِي أَرْفَعُهُ.

[٥١١٨] ٤٠ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ ابْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ: أَخْبَرَنَا سُفْيَانُ: حَدَّثَنِي عَبْدُ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنُ حُمَيْدِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ عَوْفٍ عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ الْمُسَيَّبِ، عَنْ أُمِّ سَلَمَةَ تَرْفَعُهُ، قَالَ: «إِذَا دَخَلَ الْعَشْرُ، وَعِنْدَهُ أَضْحِيَّةٌ، يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُضْحِيَ، فَلَا يَأْخُذَنَّ شَعْرًا وَلَا يَقْلِمَنَّ ظَفْرًا».

[٥١١٩] ٤١ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي حَجَّاجُ بْنُ الشَّاعِرِ: حَدَّثَنِي يَحْيَى بْنُ كَثِيرٍ الْعَبْرِيُّ أَبُو عَسَانَ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ عَنْ مَالِكِ بْنِ أَنَسٍ، عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ مُسْلِمٍ، عَنْ

offer a sacrifice, let him leave his hair and nails alone.”

[5120] (...) A similar report (as no. 5119) was narrated from ‘Umar or ‘Amr bin Muslim, with this chain of narrators.

[5121] 42 - (...) It was narrated that ‘Umar bin Muslim bin ‘Umârah bin Ukaimah Al-Laiṭhî said: “I heard Sa‘eed bin Al-Musaiyyab say: ‘I heard Umm Salamah, the wife of the Prophet ﷺ, say: “The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said: ‘Whoever has an animal to sacrifice, when the crescent moon of Dhul-Hijjah appears, let him not remove anything from his hair or nails, until he has offered his sacrifice.””

[5122] (...) ‘Amr bin Muslim bin ‘Umârah Al-Laiṭhî said: “We were in the bath-house just before (*Eid*) *Al-Adha*, and some people removed their pubic hair using a depilatory agent. Some of the people in the bath-house said: ‘Sa‘eed bin Al-Musaiyyab regards this as *Makrûh*, or he

سَعِيدُ بْنُ الْمُسَيْبِ، عَنْ أُمِّ سَلَمَةَ؛ أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ ﷺ قَالَ «إِذَا رَأَيْتُمْ هِلَالَ ذِي الْحِجَّةِ، وَأَرَادَ أَحَدُكُمْ أَنْ يُضَحِّيَ، فَلْيُمْسِكْ عَنْ شَعْرِهِ وَأَطْفَارِهِ».

[٥١٢٠] (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا أَحْمَدُ بْنُ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ الْحَكَمِ الْهَاشِمِيُّ: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ جَعْفَرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ عَنْ مَالِكِ ابْنِ أَنَسٍ، عَنْ عُمَرَ أَوْ عَمْرِو بْنِ مُسْلِمٍ، هَذَا الْإِسْنَادِ، نَحْوَهُ.

[٥١٢١] ٤٢ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي عُيَيْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ مُعَاذِ الْعَبْرِيِّ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبِي: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ عَمْرِو اللَّيْثِيُّ عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ مُسْلِمِ بْنِ عَمَارَةَ بْنِ أَكِيمَةَ اللَّيْثِيِّ قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ سَعِيدَ بْنَ الْمُسَيْبِ يَقُولُ: سَمِعْتُ أُمَّ سَلَمَةَ، زَوْجَ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ تَقُولُ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ: «مَنْ كَانَ لَهُ ذَبْحٌ يَذْبَحُهُ، فَإِذَا أَهْلَ هِلَالَ ذِي الْحِجَّةِ، فَلَا يَأْخُذَنَّ مِنْ شَعْرِهِ وَلَا مِنْ أَطْفَارِهِ شَيْئًا، حَتَّى يُضَحِّيَ».

[٥١٢٢] (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي حَسَنُ بْنُ عَلِيٍّ الْحُلَوَانِيُّ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو أُسَامَةَ: حَدَّثَنِي مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ عَمْرِو: حَدَّثَنَا عَمْرِو بْنُ مُسْلِمِ بْنِ عَمَارَةَ اللَّيْثِيِّ قَالَ: كُنَّا فِي الْحَمَّامِ قُبَيْلَ الْأَضْحَى، فَاطَّلَى فِيهِ نَاسٌ، فَقَالَ بَعْضُ أَهْلِ الْحَمَّامِ: إِنَّ

forbids it.' I met Sa'eed bin Al-Musayyab and told him about that, and he said: 'O son of my brother, this is a *Hadith* which has been caused to be forgotten and abandoned, which Umm Salamah narrated to me from the Prophet ﷺ. She said: "The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ said..." a *Hadith* like that of Mu'âdh from Muḥammad bin 'Amr.

[5123] (...) It was narrated from 'Umar bin Muslim Al-Junda'î that Ibn Al-Musaiyyab told him that Umm Salamah the wife of the Prophet ﷺ told him... a *Hadith* like theirs (no. 5112).

### Chapter 8. The Prohibition Of Slaughtering A Sacrifice For Anything Other Than Allâh, And The One Who Does That Is Cursed

[5124] 43 - (1978) Abû Aṭ-Ṭufail 'Âmir bin Wâthilah said: "I was with 'Alî bin Abî Ṭâlib when a man came to him and said: 'What did the Prophet ﷺ tell you in secret?' He got angry and said: 'The Prophet ﷺ did not tell me anything in secret that he hid from the people, but he

سَعِيدَ بْنِ الْمُسَيَّبِ يَكْرَهُ هَذَا، أَوْ يَنْهَى عَنْهُ. فَلَقِيْتُ سَعِيدَ ابْنَ الْمُسَيَّبِ فَذَكَرْتُ ذَلِكَ لَهُ. فَقَالَ: يَا ابْنَ أَخِي! هَذَا حَدِيثٌ قَدْ نُسِيَ وَتُرِكَ، حَدَّثَنِي أُمُّ سَلَمَةَ زَوْجَ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ، قَالَتْ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ. بِمَعْنَى حَدِيثِ مُعَاذٍ عَنِ مُحَمَّدِ ابْنِ عَمْرٍو.

[٥١٢٣] (...) وَحَدَّثَنِي حَرَمَلَةُ بْنُ يَحْيَى وَأَحْمَدُ بْنُ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنِ أَخِي ابْنِ وَهْبٍ قَالَا: حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ وَهْبٍ: أَخْبَرَنِي حَيْوَةُ: أَخْبَرَنِي خَالِدُ بْنُ يَزِيدَ عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ أَبِي هِلَالٍ، عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ مُسْلِمِ الْجُنْدَعِيِّ؛ أَنَّ ابْنَ الْمُسَيَّبِ أَخْبَرَهُ؛ أَنَّ أُمَّ سَلَمَةَ زَوْجَ النَّبِيِّ ﷺ أَخْبَرَتْهُ، وَذَكَرَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ بِمَعْنَى حَدِيثِهِمْ.

(المعجم ٨) - (بَابُ تَحْرِيمِ الذَّبِيحِ لغير الله تعالى ولعن فاعله) (التحفة ٨)

[٥١٢٤] ٤٣ - (١٩٧٨) حَدَّثَنَا زُهَيْرُ ابْنِ حَرْبٍ وَسُرَيْجُ بْنُ يُونُسَ، كِلَاهُمَا عَنْ مَرْوَانَ - قَالَ زُهَيْرٌ: حَدَّثَنَا مَرْوَانُ بْنُ مُعَاوِيَةَ الْفَزَارِيُّ - : حَدَّثَنَا مَنْصُورُ بْنُ حَيَّانَ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو الطُّفَيْلِ عَامِرُ بْنُ وَائِلَةَ قَالَ: كُنْتُ عِنْدَ عَلِيِّ بْنِ أَبِي طَالِبٍ،

told me four things.” He said: “What are they, O *Amir Al-Mu'minîn*?” He said: “He (ﷺ) said: ‘May Allâh curse the one who curses his father, may Allâh curse the one who offers a sacrifice to anything other than Allâh, may Allâh curse the one who gives refuge to a *Muḥdith*,<sup>[1]</sup> and may Allâh curse the one who changes the boundary markers.’”

[5125] 44 - (...) It was narrated that Abû Aṭ-Ṭufail said: “We said to ‘Alî bin Abî Ṭâlib: ‘Tell us of something that the Messenger of Allâh ﷺ told you in secret.’ He said: ‘He did not tell me anything in secret that he concealed from the people, but I heard him say: “May Allâh curse the one who offers a sacrifice to something other than Allâh, may Allâh curse the one who gives refuge to a *Muḥdith*, may Allâh curse the one who curses his parents and may Allâh curse the one who changes the boundary markers.’”

[5126] 45 - (...) It was narrated that Abû Aṭ-Ṭufail said: “Alî (bin Abî Ṭâlib) was asked: ‘Did the

فَاتَاهُ رَجُلٌ فَقَالَ: مَا كَانَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ يُسِرُّ إِلَيْكَ؟ قَالَ فَعَضِبَ وَقَالَ: مَا كَانَ النَّبِيُّ ﷺ يُسِرُّ إِلَيَّ شَيْئًا يَكْتُمُهُ النَّاسَ، غَيْرَ أَنَّهُ قَدْ حَدَّثَنِي بِكَلِمَاتٍ أَرْبَعٍ. قَالَ فَقَالَ: مَا هُنَّ؟ يَا أَمِيرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ! قَالَ: قَالَ «لَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ لَعَنَ وَالِدَهُ، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ ذَبَحَ لِغَيْرِ اللَّهِ، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ أَوَى مُحَدِّثًا، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ غَيَّرَ مَنَارَ الْأَرْضِ».

[٥١٢٥] ٤٤ - (...) وَحَدَّثَنَا أَبُو بَكْرِ بْنُ أَبِي شَيْبَةَ: حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو خَالِدٍ الْأَحْمَرُ سُلَيْمَانُ بْنُ حَيَّانَ، عَنْ مَنْصُورِ ابْنِ حَيَّانَ، عَنْ أَبِي الطُّفَيْلِ قَالَ: قُلْنَا لِإِلْعَلِّي [بْنِ أَبِي طَالِبٍ]: أَخْبِرْنَا بِشَيْءٍ أَسْرَهُ إِلَيْكَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ، فَقَالَ: مَا أَسْرَ إِلَيَّ شَيْئًا كَتَمَهُ النَّاسَ، وَلَكِنِّي سَمِعْتُهُ يَقُولُ «لَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ ذَبَحَ لِغَيْرِ اللَّهِ، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ أَوَى مُحَدِّثًا، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ لَعَنَ وَالِدِيهِ، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ غَيَّرَ الْمَنَارَ».

[٥١٢٦] ٤٥ - (...) حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ ابْنُ الْمُثَنَّى وَمُحَمَّدُ بْنُ بَشَّارٍ - وَاللَّفْظُ

[1] *Muḥdith* and it may be read: *Muḥdath*, the first is more popular as it appears in our text, and it refers to one who aids or harbors the criminal. The meaning of *Muḥdath* is the innovated thing itself, for which “giving refuge” would mean accepting and abiding by it. See *Minnat Al-Mun'im*.



Messenger of Allâh ﷺ tell you anything that was for you only?' He said: 'The Messenger of Allâh ﷺ did not tell us anything that was for us only, that he did not tell all the people, except that which is in this sheath of my sword.' He took out a document on which it was written: 'May Allâh curse the one who offers a sacrifice to anything other than Allâh, may Allâh curse the one who steals the boundary markers, may Allâh curse the one who curses his parents, and may Allâh curse the one who gives refuge to a *Muḥdith*.'

لِابْنِ الْمُثَنَّى - قَالَ: حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ جَعْفَرٍ: حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ الْقَاسِمَ ابْنَ أَبِي بَرَّةَ يُحَدِّثُ عَنْ أَبِي الطُّفَيْلِ، قَالَ: سُئِلَ عَلِيٌّ: أَخَصَّكُمْ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ بِشَيْءٍ؟ فَقَالَ: مَا خَصَّنَا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ ﷺ بِشَيْءٍ لَمْ يُعَمَّ بِهِ النَّاسَ كَافَّةً، إِلَّا مَا كَانَ فِي قِرَابِ سَيْفِي هَذَا - قَالَ -: فَأَخْرَجَ صَحِيفَةً مَكْتُوبٌ فِيهَا: «لَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ ذَبَحَ لِغَيْرِ اللَّهِ، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ سَرَقَ مَنَارَ الْأَرْضِ، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ لَعَنَ وَالِدَهُ، وَلَعَنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ أَوْلَى مُحْدِثًا».